Kamula language

Kamula (Kamira, Wawoi) is a <u>Trans–New Guinea</u> language that is unclassified within that family in the classification of <u>Malcolm Ross</u> (2005). Noting insufficient evidence, Pawley and Hammarström (2018) leave it as unclassified.^[3]

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Demographics

Kamula is spoken in two widely separated areas^{[3]:80}, including in Kamiyami village of the Wawoi Falls area in <u>Bamu Rural LLG</u>, Western Province, Papua New Guinea.^[4]

Routamaa (1994: 7) estimates that there are about 800 speakers of Kamula located in 3 villages in Western Province, with no dialectal differences reported. This is because the Kamula had originally lived in camps near Samokopa in the northern area, but a group had split off and moved to Wasapea in the south only around 50 years ago. [6]:14

- Kesiki, at Wawoi Falls in Bamu Rural LLG (main village) (6.951833°S 142.654804°E)
- Samokopa in Bamu Rural LLG (one day's walk from Kesiki) (6.931064°S 142.746689°E)
- Wasapea (Kamiyami^[7]) in Gogodala Rural LLG (seven days' walk, or 90 km to the south of Kesiki) (7.889003°S 142.648998°E)^[8]

Kamula Wawoi Region Western Province, Papua New Guinea **Native speakers** 800 (1998)[1] Language Trans-New family Guinea or unclassified Awin–Pa Kamula Language codes ISO 639-3 xla **Glottolog** kamu1260 (htt p://glottolog.o rg/resource/lan guoid/id/kamu12 60)[2] Map: The Kamula language of New Guinea The Kamula language Other Trans-New Guinea languages Other Papuan languages Austronesian languages Uninhabited Coordinates: 6.951833°S 142.654804°E

In the northern villages of Kesiki and Samokopa, Kamula children were reported as preferring to speak <u>Doso</u> over Kamula. A minority of Kamula people in the northern area also live in <u>Dibiyaso</u>-speaking villages, where they are multilingual in Kamula, Doso, and Dibiyaso. Kamula people in the southern village of Wasapea are also fluent in <u>Gogodala</u>.^[7]

Classification

The little data that exists for Kamula pronouns does not fit in with the neighboring East Strickland or Bosavi languages (though 1sg $n\hat{e}$ likely reflects proto-TNG *na), so Kamula is best left as an unclassified language an independent branch of Trans–New Guinea pending further study.

Attested pronouns are $1 \text{sg } n\tilde{\epsilon}$, $2 \text{sg } w\tilde{\epsilon}$, and pl di ϵ .

Phonology

Kamula phonology:^[9]

Consonants

Kamula has 12 consonants.

	Bilabial	Dental	Alveolar	Palatal	Velar	Glottal
plosive	р	ţ	d		k g	
nasal	m		n			
fricative			s			h
approximant	w			j		
lateral approximant			I			

Vowels

Kamula has 7 vowels.

	Front	Central	Back
close	İ		u
close-mid	е		0
open-mid	ε		Э
open		a	

References

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External links

TransNewGuinea.org database (http://transnewguinea.org/language/kamula)

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